Prehistoric Britain - Year 3 - Autumn

Important Questions

- 1 Was stone age man simply a hunter gatherer concerned only with survival?
- 2 How different was life in the Stone Age when man started to farm?
- 3 What can we learn from a study of Skara Brae?
- 4 How much did life change in the Iron Age and how can we know?



Key Information

- 1. Prehistoric Britain begins with the first humans in Britain and ends with the Roman conquest of Britain.
- 2. The early humans were hunter gatherers and survived by hunting animals and finding food to eat.
- Stone is used to make simple weapons and tools then bronze and then iron.
- In the Iron age most people lived in small communities and farmed for food.



Vocabulary						
1	Ancient Britain	The time before the Roman conquest of Britain.				
2	Archaeology	A study of the past through finding evidence of what life was like.				
3	Barrows	Large tombs used to bury the dead in the Stone Age.				
4	Flint tools	A tool made from stone.				
5	Hill fort	Fortified settlement in the Bronze and Iron Ages.				
6	Hunter gatherer	Hunting animals and finding food to eat.				
7	Tribe	A community with a recognised leader				
8	Settlers	People who move with a group to live in a new area				
9	Invaders	A group that enters a placece in order to occupy it				

Timeline							
Early Stone Age (Palaeolithic) 2.5million - 10,000 years ago	Stone Age Middle Stone Age (Mesolithic) 8000 BC to 4500 BC	Late Stone Age (Neolithic) 4000 BC to 2500 BC	Bronze Age 2500 BC to 800 BC	Iron Age 800 BC to AD 45	Roman Invasion AD 43 Britain becomes part of the Roman Empire		